## **Department of Energy**

National Standard for Respiratory Protection," (1992).

- (2) ANSI Z136.1, "Safe Use of Lasers," (2000).
- (3) ANSI Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes," sections 4.3 and E4.3, (1999).
- (4) National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code." (2005).
- (5) NFPA 70E, "Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace," (2004).
- (6) American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices," (2005).
- (7) American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) Boilers and Pressure Vessel Code, sections I through XII including applicable Code Cases, (2004).
- (8) ASME B31 (ASME Code for Pressure Piping) as follows:
- (i) B31.1—2001—Power Piping, and B31.1a—2002—Addenda to ASME B31.1—2001;
  - (ii) B31.2—1968—Fuel Gas Piping;
  - (iii) B31.3—2002—Process Piping;
- (iv) B31.4—2002—Pipeline Transportation Systems for Liquid Hydrocarbons and Other Liquids;
- (v) B31.5—2001—Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components, and B31.5a—2004, Addenda to ASME B31.5—2001;
- (vi) B31.8—2003—Gas Transmission and Distribution Piping Systems;
- (vii) B31.8S—2001—Managing System Integrity of Gas Pipelines;
- (viii) B31.9—1996—Building Services Piping:
- (ix) B31.11—2002—Slurry Transportation Piping Systems; and
- (x) B3IG—1991—Manual for Determining Remaining Strength of Corroded Pipelines.
- (9) DOE Manual 231.1–1A, Environment, Safety and Health Reporting Manual, September 9, 2004.
- (10) DOE Manual 440.1–1A, DOE Explosives Safety Manual, Contractor Requirements Document (Attachment 2), January 9, 2006.
- $[71 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 6931, \ \mathrm{Feb.} \ 9, \ 2006, \ \mathrm{as} \ \mathrm{amended} \ \mathrm{at} \ 71 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 68733, \ \mathrm{Nov.} \ 28, \ 2006]$

# **Subpart D—Variances**

### §851.30 Consideration of variances.

- (a) Variances shall be granted by the Under Secretary after considering the recommendation of the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer. The authority to grant a variance cannot be delegated.
- (b) The application must satisfy the requirements for applications specified in §851.31.

[71 FR 6931, Feb. 9, 2006, as amended at 71 FR 68733, Nov. 28, 2006]

#### §851.31 Variance process.

- (a) Application. Contractors desiring a variance from a safety and health standard, or portion thereof, may submit a written application containing the information in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section to the appropriate CSO.
- (1) The CSO may forward the application to the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer.
- (2) If the CSO does not forward the application to the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer, the CSO must return the application to the contractor with a written statement explaining why the application was not forwarded.
- (3) Upon receipt of an application from a CSO, the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer must review the application for a variance and make a written recommendation to:
  - (i) Approve the application;
- (ii) Approve the application with conditions: or
- (iii) Deny the application.
- (b) Defective applications. If an application submitted pursuant to §851.31(a) is determined by the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer to be incomplete, the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer may:
- (1) Return the application to the contractor with a written explanation of what information is needed to permit consideration of the application; or
- (2) Request the contractor to provide necessary information.
- (c) *Content*. All variance applications submitted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section must include:
- (1) The name and address of the contractor:

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- (2) The address of the DOE site or sites involved;
- (3) A specification of the standard, or portion thereof, from which the contractor seeks a variance;
- (4) A description of the steps that the contractor has taken to inform the affected workers of the application, which must include giving a copy thereof to their authorized representative, posting a statement, giving a summary of the application and specifying where a copy may be examined at the place or places where notices to workers are normally posted; and
- (5) A description of how affected workers have been informed of their right to petition the Chief Health, Safety and Security Officer or designee for a conference; and
- (6) Any requests for a conference, as provided in §851.34.
- (d) *Types of variances*. Contractors may apply for the following types of variances:
- (1) Temporary variance. Applications for a temporary variance pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section must be submitted at least 30 days before the effective date of a new safety and health standard and, in addition to the content required by paragraph (c) of this section, must include:
- (i) A statement by the contractor explaining the contractor is unable to comply with the standard or portion thereof by its effective date and a detailed statement of the factual basis and representations of qualified persons that support the contractor's statement.
- (ii) A statement of the steps the contractor has taken and plans to take, with specific dates if appropriate, to protect workers against the hazard covered by the standard;
- (iii) A statement of when the contractor expects to be able to comply with the standard and of what steps the contractor has taken and plans to take, with specific dates if appropriate, to come into compliance with the standard:
- (iv) A statement of the facts the contractor would show to establish that:
- (A) The contractor is unable to comply with the standard by its effective date because of unavailability of professional or technical personnel or ma-

- terials and equipment needed to come into compliance with the standard or because necessary construction or alteration of facilities cannot be completed by the effective date;
- (B) The contractor is taking all available steps to safeguard the workers against the hazards covered by the standard; and
- (C) The contractor has an effective program for coming into compliance with the standard as quickly as practicable.
- (2) Permanent variance. An application submitted for a permanent variance pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section must, in addition to the content required in paragraph (c) of this section, include:
- (i) A description of the conditions, practices, means, methods, operations, or processes used or proposed to be used by the contractor; and
- (ii) A statement showing how the conditions, practices, means, methods, operations, or processes used or proposed to be used would provide workers a place of employment which is as safe and healthful as would result from compliance with the standard from which a variance is sought.
- (3) National defense variance. (i) An application submitted for a national defense variance pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section must, in addition to the content required in paragraph (c) of this section, include:
- (A) A statement by the contractor showing that the variance sought is necessary to avoid serious impairment of national defense; and
- (B) A statement showing how the conditions, practices, means, methods, operations, or processes used or proposed to be used would provide workers a safe and healthful place of employment in a manner that, to the extent practical taking into account the national defense mission, is consistent with the standard from which a variance is sought.
- (ii) A national defense variance may be granted for a maximum of six months, unless there is a showing that a longer period is essential to carrying out a national defense mission.
- [71 FR 6931, Feb. 9, 2006; 71 FR 36661, June 28, 2006, as amended at 71 FR 68733, Nov. 28, 2006]